


Separation of powers

As the national and territory capital, two different levels of government operate within the ACT, with the powers of government separated between different roles and institutions.

Your task:

First, fill in the table below with the names of the different Federal and ACT groups forming each branch. Then, circle which branch you think each role belongs to (hint: some roles span more than one)

Name the groups

 Helpful link for the federal groups: peo.gov.au/teach-our-parliament/education-resources/interactive-posters/poster-separation-of-powers

	Federal	ACT
Legislature		
Executive		
Judiciary		

Identify the branch

Member of the Legislative Assembly	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Magistrate	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Leader of the Opposition	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Chief Minister	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Chief Policing Officer	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Attorney-General	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary
Judge	Legislature	Executive	Judiciary

Answers

To print this sheet for students without the answers on the back, select 'Specific pages' in your print window and enter '1'.

Name the groups

- **Federal institutions:** The King, Senate, and House of Representatives (legislature); The King, Prime Minister, and ministers (executive); and the High Court and Federal Courts (judiciary).
- **ACT institutions:** The Legislative Assembly (legislature); The Chief Minister and ministers (executive); and the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, and Magistrates Court (judiciary).

Identify the branch

- **Member of the Legislative Assembly:** Legislature
- **Magistrate:** Judiciary
- **Leader of the Opposition:** Legislature
- **Chief Minister:** Legislature and Executive
- **Chief Policing Officer:** Executive
- **Attorney-General:** Executive and Legislature
- **Judge:** Judiciary